RELIGIOUS RELATED ACTIVITIES AND PRACTICES

The <u>boardBoard</u> recognizes that views and opinions regarding the relationship of the schools and religion are diverse. -While community opinions are important in shaping policy, the board must give primary credence to the United States and Washington State <u>constitutions</u>Constitutions, state law -and the decisions made by the respective courts when establishing guidelines for making decisions regarding religious_related activities and practices. -The <u>boardBoard</u> further accepts the declaration of the State Board of Education that ""all students possess the constitutional right to the free exercise of religion and to have their schools free from sectarian control or influence."." To this end, the <u>boardBoard hereby</u> establishes the following guidelines to preserve the <u>constitutional</u> rights of all students: <u>within the framework of the respective constitutions.</u>

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A. —Instruction about religious matters and/or using religious materials willshall be conducted in an objective, neutral, non-devotional manner and willshall serve a secular educational purpose. History, sociology, literature, the arts and other disciplines taught in school may have a religious dimension. –Study of these disciplines, including the religious dimension, willshall give neither preferential nor disparaging treatment to any single religion or to religion in general and must not be introduced or utilized for devotional purposes.

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Criteria used to guide academic inquiry in the study of religion willshall seek the same neutrality, objectivity and educational effectiveness expected in other areas of the curriculum. In addition, materials and activities should be sensitive to America's pluralistic society and should educate rather than indoctrinate. Instructional activities should meet the three-part test established and used by the U.S. Supreme Court to determine constitutionality: (1) the activity must have a secular purpose; (2) the activity's principal or primary effect must be one that neither advances nor inhibits religion; and (3) the activity must not excessively involveimpose excessive involvement on the part of the school in order to maintain a neutral position towards the advancement of-religion. -This constitutional restriction doesshall not preclude a student from expressing his/her views relative to belief or non-belief about a religious-related issue in compositions, reports, music, art, debate and classroom discussion, when consistent with the assignment.

B. All religious_related <u>instructional</u> materials and/or activities must relate to a secular student learning goals or standards.

—Staff <u>willshall</u> avoid assigning work that emphasizes the religious aspects of a holiday.- Individual students should be allowed, at their own direction, to use religious personages, events or symbols as a vehicle for artistic expression, if consistent with the assignment. -State law prohibits staff from requiring that students reveal, analyze or critique their religious beliefs, from grading academic work on its religious expression if any, from censoring or imposing consequences on students who engage in religious expression in accordance with the law, or from imposing the religious beliefs of the staff member on students.

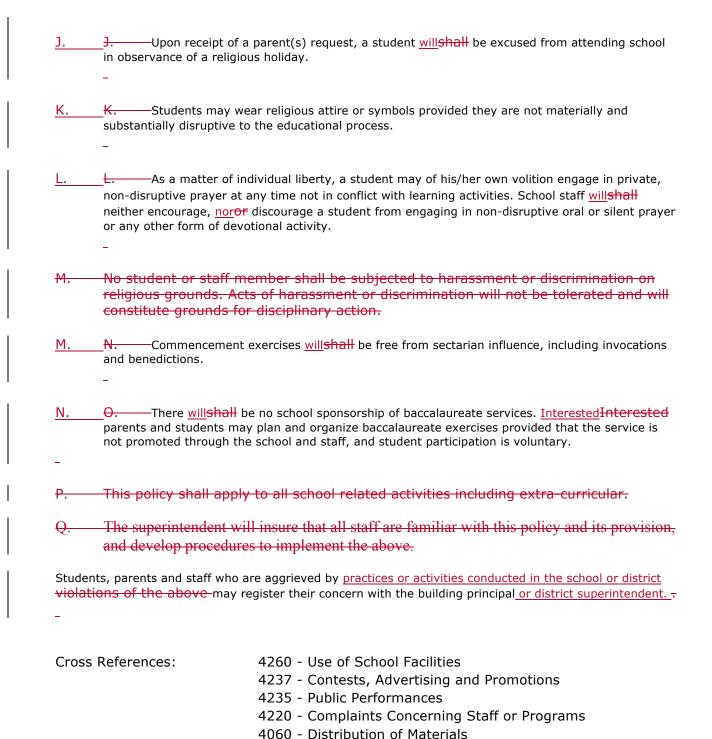
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B. —A student may decline to participate in a school activity that is contrary to his/her religious convictions.

C. If <u>noncurriculum</u> noncurriculum-related student groups are permitted to meet on school
premisespremises immediately before or after school hours, students willshall be
<u>permitted</u> to meet to discuss religious, political, philosophical or other issues provided such group meetings are student-initiated and student-managed in compliance with Board Policy
2153, Non-curriculum Related Student Groups.

- D. —Religious groups may rent school facilities under the policy providing for facilities rental.
 Activities of such groups willshall be clearly separated from school sponsored activities so that the school district does not support or appear to support the establishment of religion.
- E. —A student may distribute religious literature under the same <u>conditions</u> that other literature may be distributed on the campus provided that such distribution does not intrude on the operation of the school.
- F. Material and/or announcements promoting religion may not be <u>distributed</u> by non_students or on behalf of groups or individuals who are not students.
- G. Religious services, programs or assemblies willshall not be conducted in school facilities during school hours or in connection with any school sponsored or school related activity. -Speakers and/or programs that convey a religious or devotional message are prohibited. -This restriction does not preclude the presentation presentation of choral or musical assemblies, which may use religious music or literature as a part of the program, or assembly.
- H. Musical, artistic and dramatic presentations, which have a religious theme, may be included in course work and programs on the basis of their particular artistic and educational value or traditional secular secular usage. -They willshall be presented in a neutral, non-devotional manner manner, be related to the objective of the instructional program, and be accompanied by comparable artistic works of a nonreligious non-religious nature.
 - H. Since a variety of activities isare included as part of a holiday theme, care must be exercised to focus on the historical and secular aspects of the holiday rather than its devotional meanings. Music programs willshall not use the religious aspect of a holiday as the underlying message or theme. -Pageants, plays and other dramatic activities willshall not be used to convey religious messages. -Religious symbols such as nativity scenes, if used, willshall be displayed in conjunction with a variety of secular holiday symbols so that the total presentation emphasizes the cultural rather than religious significance of the holiday.
- I. ___A student, upon the request of a parent, may be excused to <u>participate participate</u> in religious instruction for a portion of a school day provided the activity is not conducted on school property. (Credit <u>willShall</u> not be granted for such instruction.)

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3224 - Student Dress

3223 - Freedom of Assembly3220 - Freedom of Expression

3122 - Excused and Unexcused Absences

2153 - Non-Curriculum-Related Student Groups

Legal References:

U.S. Constitution First Amendment, Fourteenth Amendment

Wash. Constitution Art. I, 11

Wash. Constitution Art. 9, Sec. 4 and Art. 26

RCW 28A.600.025 Students' rights of religious expression — Duty of superintendent of public instruction to inform school

districts

WAC 392-400-227 School district rules defining students'

religious rights

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